



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 10.

**SENATOR INGALLS**, in his latest bloody shirt speech, said if the man who was maltreated recently in Aberdeen had been a citizen of Kansas, the people of the latter State would have inaugurated civil war, and invaded Mississippi, and exacted full redress for his injuries. The warrior bold, however, did not say he would have joined the invading army. Judging by the part he took in the war between the States, if he had joined the army referred to, it would only have been in the capacity of an officer of the provost guard, far in the rear. But the man for whom the redoubtable warrior would have his State go to war, describing the Aberdeen affair, says:

"When I came down I learned that it had been reported that I said no effigy should be hung while I was in town. Will McDonald, a bricklayer, asked me about it, and struck me across the nose and eye, inflicting a slight wound. I concluded to leave the town. The mayor came and asked me to stay, promising me protection. Citizens also asked me not to leave. I went off on the night train. I learned that McDonald came to the depot to talk to me, but I did not see him. I did not think much of it, and see no cause for all this fuss which has been raised. I am a hot-headed democrat."

Mr. Ingalls was as unfortunate in his selection of the Aberdeen affair as an illustration of alleged southern outrages, as his colleague, that other blood-thirsty hero, Senator Dawes, was when he, for a similar purpose, narrated the story of the famous "gray-haired man," whose harrowing, but like wise, entirely imaginary sufferings, also occurred in Mississippi.

**SENATOR JONES** of Arkansas is one of the many intelligent southern men who think the church, South as well as North, should provide for its own household, rather than for those of other countries. The negroes, as correctly stated by Senator Ingalls, have their own churches and worship by themselves. They don't attend white churches nor listen to white preachers. But they crowd their own churches all day long on Sundays and until late at night during the week. Unfortunately for them, and for the white people among whom they live, their preachers are as ignorant as themselves, and in many cases are criminals, and in nearly all, politicians. Of course, under the instructions of such teachers neither their moral nor religious condition can improve. The church, instead of devoting so much money to the support of foreign missions, should at least see what effect would be produced by establishing some among the negroes of the South. Probably the experiment would fail; but it should be tried, if for no better purpose than to show the people of the North what their fellow citizens of the South have to contend with.

If, in their treatment of the negro question, northern republicans would only use the same rules of common sense they apply to problems with which they are more familiar, they would see how utterly absurd are their words and acts in respect of that question. Southern negroes can, and do, go where they please, as is proved by their frequent and extensive migrations; and if they were subject to such gross outrages as are alleged to fill of them incessantly, not one of them would remain in the South.

The irrepressible conflict has broken out under the President's nose, in the bureau of printing and engraving at Washington, where the white plate printers have refused to work alongside of their sisters in black. Senator Jones of Nevada, a republican, says this is a white man's government. Mr. Harrison would do better if he would try to conduct it in accordance with Mr. Jones's idea.

As the result of the quarterly session of the court at New Castle, Delaware, sixteen men were tied to a post and publicly whipped there last Saturday. The sheriff says he never expects to be called upon to repeat the dose to a single one of the convicts. In Virginia similar convicts spend a large part of their lives in jail, at the expense of honest and industrious people.

The City Council of Lynchburg has increased the retail liquor license in that city to \$500. If the members of the legislature were as wise as are those of the Lynchburg City Council, the payment of the interest on the State debt could be made without the slightest difficulty.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the Alex. Gazette. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10, 1880. Notwithstanding the fact that the charge that certain Virginia federal office holders here, during the last political campaign in their State, tried to collect political assessments from other Virginians holding federal office in this city is not denied, the republican U. S. district attorney here is still engaged in examining witnesses to substantiate that fact. In the meantime the accused, though guilty of a plain and palpable infraction of the civil service law, continue to hold office.

A conference at which Secretary Blaine, Vice President Morton, Congressman Bayne of Pennsylvania and McKinley of Ohio, and half a dozen other prominent republicans was held at the Ebbitt House this morning, with reference to the wool schedule in the proposed new tariff bill, on which the republicans are by no means as one.

The nomination of Mr. McCabe to be postmaster at Leesburg, Va., is one of the few recess appointments that have not yet been sent to the Senate. The nomination of Mr. Watts to be marshal of the western district of Virginia has been reported favorably by the judiciary committee of the Sen-

ate, but has not yet been acted on by the Senate.

Secretary Rusk of the Agricultural Department will attend the grangers meeting to be held in Alexandria to-morrow. The Secretary is the gentleman who when asked recently if the report was true that he was trying to get possession of some of the land at Arlington now occupied by negro squatters and use it for an agricultural station, responded in the negative, and asked in reply if the democrats of Alexandria county desired him to do so in order to secure a majority of the voters?

General Mahone spent several hours at the Postoffice Department one day last week looking over and endorsing, either his approval or opposition, upon the applications on file there for postmasterhips, in Virginia. It is believed at the Department that Mr. Agnew, who has not General Mahone's approval, will be appointed postmaster at Alexandria at the expiration of Major Herbert's term.

The U. S. Supreme Court will not meet again until March 3, when, it is expected, it will render its decision in the Virginia coupon cases.

Mr. Edmunds's retirement from the foreign affairs committee of the Senate in consequence of the shabby treatment he received in the Samoan treaty matter, has put the supporters of the administration on the look out for squalls from his quarter.

The House committee on Indian affairs to-day took up the resolution for the removal of the Apache Indians, now prisoners at Marion Barracks, Ala., to Fort Sill reservation in the Indian Territory. There are now 390 of the prisoners, 311 of whom are women and children.

The investigation of the Foraker-Halstead forgery was continued this morning, among the witnesses examined being Senators Stockbridge and McPherson, both of whom denounced the forgery. Mr. McPherson saying that his first impulse was to have Foraker, Halstead and the whole gang of conspirators arrested within twenty-four hours. It was stated by other witnesses that when Halstead was informed of the forgery, he said he would not print the republican names that were forged, but only the forged name of Gov. Campbell.

When the House met to-day no agreement had been reached by the two sides as to the time that will be consumed in the debate on the proposed new rules, by which the proceedings of that body will be placed in the hands of the republican Speaker. It is understood the republicans will not allow the democrats more than three days in which to express their opposition to the contemplated outrage, at the expiration of which time, without consuming any themselves, they will call the previous question and force the rules through by the same effective process they adopted in the election case. The democrats will resist to the utmost, but the Speaker will ignore their presence except when he counts them, when not voting, in order to make a quorum.

The following are the only changes that were made in the Virginia 4th class post-offices to-day: Holston Bridge, Scott county, I. N. Darter appointed postmaster vice A. P. Henderson, resigned; Matthews C. H., Matthews county, A. C. Wolfe, vice W. F. Pugh, resigned.

Among the papers introduced in the Senate to-day was a printed one, showing that many others of the same sort had been prepared from a man at Elberton, Ga., to the effect that he was the only white man who voted the republican ticket there at the last election, and that that fact having been stated at the close of the polls, he was set upon by the democrats and seriously injured, and that though some of his assailants were arrested and tried, the court was prejudiced and acquitted them. Mr. Chandler offers one or more papers of this sort nearly every day of the session.

Congressman Lester, of Virginia, preached in Baltimore yesterday.

It is said at the Senate to-day that Mr. Blair has talked his education bill to death, and that several republican Senators who voted for that bill in previous congresses will vote against it now.

The Senate committee on territories will make a favorable report on the bill to admit Idaho as a State.

## Letter from Richmond.

[Correspondence of the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.]

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 9.—The democratic members of the joint Committee on Finance have held several meetings during the past week. These meetings were held with closed doors and the sentiment of the committee was always adverse to any debt settlement that goes beyond the Riddleberger bill. The views which Colonel F. G. Ruffin, second auditor, has repeatedly expressed in the newspapers seems to be very popular with the democratic members of the joint Committee on Finance. I asked Attorney General Scott if he knew just when the United States Supreme Court would render a decision in the Virginia debt case, but he could give no satisfactory answer. I have it from very good authority that the bill authorized by Mr. Tyler, of Prince William, to limit funding, is also very popular with members of the Finance Committee. In a nut shell the debt question can be described as follows: The majority party in the General Assembly are like Micawber, waiting for something to turn up. That that something will be of such a character as will bring about a final settlement of the debt is earnestly hoped for. The idea of having a conference with the bondholders seems to be entirely out of the question.

When Edison, the celebrated inventor and electrician, appears before the Senate committee on General Laws next Tuesday there will be a full meeting of that committee to hear what the "Wizard of Menlo Park" will have to say upon the bill to prevent danger from electric currents.

A well-known Richmond newspaper correspondent who has a hobby for pretty neckties has been looking around among members of the legislature to see if there is a single legislator who has a similar hobby. He has come to the conclusion that Delegate Peters, of Campbell, is unusually fond of pretty neckties and says that he is continually alternating from a beautiful red tie to an exquisite sky blue, and that every body is struck with the attractiveness of the neck gear of the delegate from Campbell.

In a day or two there will not be a single local bill on either the House or Senate calendar in which Alexandria is interested. On yesterday the Senate passed House bill to amend the charter of the Mount Vernon Avenue Association and the day before the Senate passed House bill authorizing the government to build and maintain the Mr. Vernon Avenue. The only measures now pending that I recall are House resolutions in regard to working the roads in the counties of Fairfax and Alexandria; House bill to amend the resolution by which the claim of the State of Virginia was transferred to the Mount Vernon Avenue Association. Considerable legislation of special interest to Alexandria has been enacted thus far and Alexandria is considered fortunate in having secured the passage of so many local bills.

Rev. Dr. Talmage recently said: "A good newspaper is the grandest temporary blessing that God has given to the people of this country."

James Trenor, an expert in art matters, died in New York this morning from a fractured skull received from thieves who tried to rob him.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

A pier to extend 500 feet into the sea is to be built at Asbury Park.

R. S. Todd, a nephew of Abraham Lincoln, died at Mt. Vernon, Ky., on Saturday.

The gubernatorial contest just ended in West Virginia will, it is said, cost the State \$50,000.

The boomers in South Dakota are getting more excited every day over the delay in opening the Sioux Reservation to settlement.

An expert's examination of the Tracy residence, in Washington, indicates that the fire was caused by too much heat in the steam pipes.

Baron Rothschild, the Paris banker, lives in constant fear of the communists, and his valuables are secured behind almost impenetrable walls.

The palace of the Marquis of Osborne, on the Rue de Seine, beyond Paris, was destroyed by fire yesterday. It formerly belonged to Marguerite of Navarre. Loss \$400,000.

Five hundred Indian children participated in the anniversary of the signing of the Indian Land and Severalty bill, held at the Government Training School at Carlisle, Pa., on Saturday.

The Methodists of that city are deeply interested in the project to build a national university in Washington which shall rival the Catholic institution recently dedicated with considerable ceremony.

The Canal Commission left Panama yesterday for New Orleans en route to Paris via New York. It is generally believed that their report will be favorable to a continuation of work on the canal.

Four children while skating on a lake six miles from Kingston, N. Y., were drowned on Saturday. Their father and mother went to their assistance and they too broke through the ice and were drowned.

A skin glove fight took place yesterday at Arbuta Springs, La., between "Andy" Bowen, of New Orleans, and Charles Johnson, of Minneapolis, and resulted in a draw after forty three rounds had been fought.

The committee authorized by the Russian government has prepared a plan for the through Siberian railway to be completed in ten years. The total length of the line is to be 4,375 miles, and the total cost 250,000,000 roubles.

There is considerable excitement in some sections of Randolph county, N. C., on account of the appearance there of several mad dogs. Quite a number of children have been bitten, and some are in a critical condition. Mad dogs are being run down and killed.

The heavy rain that fell Saturday morning in Washington found a weak place in the roof of the vaults in the United States Senate terrace of the Capitol front, and poured into the room containing the dynamo of the electric light plant in such quantities as to render them useless and shut off the current of lights.

Samuel Van Dusen Abbott, 17 years old, shot himself on Saturday afternoon at the residence of his grandfather, Samuel B. Van Dusen, in New York. He was born in New York, but was taken to England while a child by his parents, who are now living in Liverpool. His father is an officer of the British navy.

Charles Clansfield, who lives at Nicetown, near Philadelphia, was awakened yesterday morning between 1 and 2 o'clock by a burglar moving around his bedroom. Clansfield cried for help, and the thief immediately jumped from the second story window to the roof of a back building, from which he bounded to the pavement below. He struck on his head on the pavement, broke his skull and was taken to a hospital.

John Morton and his wife were shot in cold blood Saturday night by Morton's father, who was living with them at Miami, Man. The old man had struck his daughter-in-law with a piece of wood, and when his son rebuked him he took a rifle, went outside, and fired through the window, instantly killing his son. Mrs. Morton was shot in the abdomen, and only lived for an hour. He first told his son to kill him.

The sale of half of the lease of the Grand Pacific Hotel in Chicago for \$40,000 to the owner of a part of the land on which the hotel stands, goes to show the enormous increase in ground values in Chicago. When the Grand Pacific was built in 1872-73 its cost was about \$800,000. As the entire ground on which the hotel stands is worth about \$2,000,000, an agreement made at the time the hotel was built would make the ground rent about \$175,000 a year, in addition to the rent paid for the hotel, which would be more than the lessees could stand. By the rise in the value of the ground the value of the hotel building is practically wiped out.

Senator Becker, the democratic absentee of the Montana Senate, arrested at Miles City Friday, was brought into Helena on a special train Saturday night by Sheriff Parker. Becker had Sheriff Parker arrested at Base man for kidnapping, but the sheriff was soon released. Senator Becker was taken in the Senate, which was in session, and the question whether or not he should be fined for contempt was taken under consideration by the committee on privileges and elections. The republican House and Senate was in session till 2:30 yesterday morning, and passed eight appropriation bills. Senator Becker took no part in the proceedings, but was counted present by the Lieutenant-Governor, thus making a quorum.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Norfolk truckers find the marketing of kale and spinach unprofitable this season.

A party of New York capitalists are looking around Norfolk with a view to investment.

It is said that Colonel T. M. R. Talcott is to become vice president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway.

The Society for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities made about \$1,700 at the Colonial ball given in Richmond recently.

Rev. Carter Page, of Loudoun county, has declined the call recently received by him to the Episcopal churches in Richmond county.

The sloop Golden Rule, of Portsmouth, loaded with oysters, sunk on the eastern side of Lynn Haven Bay Saturday night, and Captain Andrew Jones was frozen to death.

Wild ducks and geese are yet abundant in Currituck sound, in the vicinity of Little Island particularly. The northern shooting clubs have all closed up their grounds and the gunners go home.

The people in some sections of Amelia county are in destitute circumstances by reason of failure of their crops. The same condition of affairs exists in many of the counties of Southside Virginia.

A passenger train on the Norfolk and Western Railroad was wrecked at Huddellon's Mill yesterday by spreading rails. George Kerr, express messenger, was killed and A. B. Burton and B. W. Boccok, mail agents, were fatally injured.

Miss Flora McFinnis, of Madison Square, must have a hard time, getting along in swell society, with so few clothes—but they say she always managed to keep pretty well supplied with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

## LEGISLATIVE.

In the Senate on Saturday Mr. Heston presented a bill to amend the act to further define the duties and enlarge the powers of the Commissioner of Agriculture, and Mr. Woods one to amend the code in relation to the military fund. [This bill makes the military fund of the State one-fourth of 1 per cent. on the income of the State from all sources except the tax for schools.]

The Senate passed the House bill to amend the charter of the Mt. Vernon Avenue Association, approved February 11, 1880, and to amend the act to incorporate the Prince William Improvement Company, approved March 31, 1887.

In the House Mr. Hay offered a joint resolution which was adopted for the appointment of a joint committee to examine into the criminal expenses of the Commonwealth, and report to the General Assembly by bill or otherwise. The Senate refused to adopt the resolution and reported its action to the House, whereupon Mr. Hay offered a resolution that the House appoint its own committee to consider the matter, which was adopted.

The disposition of the Senate seemed to be to dispose of the bill already framed, which, it is thought, will reduce the expense \$100,000 per annum, and then to enact such supplemental legislation as may be deemed necessary.

The House ordered to its third reading a bill to prevent the sale of tobacco or cigarettes to minors. The bill was amended so as to make it unlawful to sell pistols or bowie knives to anyone under sixteen years of age.

Mr. Cabell introduced a bill to amend the Code in relation to the Board of Visitors of the Virginia Normal and Collegiate Institute. The proposed change is to allow the Governor discretion in appointing white or colored persons, to the board. The present law requires that "six well qualified colored persons with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, who shall be ex officio chairman, shall constitute the board."

The Committee on Labor reported a bill to protect employers and employees. The Governor has approved the bill to prohibit the loading and unloading of steamships' and steamboats' cargoes on Sunday.

**THE COLOR LINE AGAIN.**—The Bureau of Engraving and Printing, in Washington, is seriously disturbed over the color line. The trouble arises from the appointment of Frances Flood, colored, as an assistant to one of the printers. She is a civil service appointee, having been selected through Senator Hisecock's influence, from an eligible list. On Saturday she was assigned successively to two vacancies with Plate Printers Johnson and Levy, both of whom refused to accept her as an assistant. At present the printing room is occupied only by whites, who object to the presence of the colored woman. The young ladies acting as assistants to the plate printers are among the best educated women employed by the government. The objection to the introduction of the colored woman is so strong that every employee in the printing room will resign if she is retained.

**HIGH LICENSE FOR LYNCHBURG.**—The City Council of Lynchburg on Saturday night formulated its tax bill for the year, but its consideration was postponed until to-night. It raises general city taxes from \$1.50 to \$1.00 per hundred, and crowds the tax on liquor license to a figure never before known in that city. The retail liquor dealer's license is fixed at \$400 and when the liquor is drunk where sold, an additional bar room license of \$500 is required; wholesale liquor dealers \$500; distilleries, rectifiers or manufacturers \$200; retail dealers in malt liquors \$200; manufacturers of pop and ginger ale \$300; a sample liquor merchant \$300; commission merchant or merchant other than liquor dealers selling lime juice and ginger or any concoction or mixture containing 30 per centum of alcohol \$320.

**RAILROAD RUMORS.**—A despatch from Raleigh, N. C., says there is a rumor current there that there is a deal in progress between the Richmond and Danville and the Atlantic-Coast Line railways which may effect the most important results. Further news is awaited with particular interest, as it is only a few days since the Terminal Company secured the Queen and Crescent Line.

Mr. Sol Haas says that Mr. Peyton Randolph has no idea of resigning his position as general manager of the Richmond and Danville railroad. Mr. Haas further states that he would not accept the general management of the Richmond and Danville or any other railroad.

**ICEBERGS.**—Reports from the steamers that arrived from European ports yesterday indicate that the field ice drifting down from the north is spreading out, and the peril to ocean liners is consequently lessening. There are, however, more icebergs now glittering in the Atlantic steamship lanes than ever before observed at this time of the year. Some of these are immense and resemble a dozen cathedrals joined into one vast structure.

The ice companies of New York city have just begun the harvesting of their New England supply of ice.

Some of our most prominent citizens have been cured of rheumatism of years standing by that wonderful pain banisher, Salvation Oil. Sold by all druggists for twenty-five cents a bottle.

## The Late John Bernard Harlow.

The funeral of young JOHN B. HARLOW took place Sunday afternoon from the house. There stood in the cold rain around the handsome Harlow residence, on upper Cameron street, a great throng of people, mostly youths and gentlemen, friends of the family of Alexandria's popular city treasurer and popular merchant. After a short service in the house the casket, covered with white cloth with silver trimmings, and nearly covered by flowers, consisting of a pillow, a wreath and a bunch of roses, was borne out to the hearse by a half dozen youthful associates—Allen Wardell, David Lannon, Harry Robinson, Tom Cochran, J. Harlow and William Lyon Hoy—and the cortege moved toward the church—St. Mary's. Here, along the sidewalks and on the corners beyond was another great throng, and the edifice could hold but a few more. Reserved seats were taken by the family and intimate friends, and Colonel Pickens's division of Washington's school, of which the deceased was a member, attended in a body. On getting out of the carriage scores carried floral offerings, some of which were magnificent and of nearly every conceivable design, the school boys carrying a handsome piece surmounted by a dove. When the cortege entered the church the bell ceased tolling, and the choir chanted a piece of rare sweetness, and doubtless more impressively than ever before. The usual rites of the church were then in order, and in his remarks, the priest, Rev. Father O'Kane, spoke most feelingly as well as beautifully of the deceased, his quiet life and his sufferings and patient bearing before his death, and drew eloquently lessons beneficial to all. This and occasion and large funeral was one that could but show the grief-stricken and justly estimable parents of this bright, manly, promising boy, how their town-people regretted this untimely death, and felt for them in these times of their bereavement. The interment was in a vault in the Catholic Cemetery, several hundred walking thither despite the ugliness overhead, and mudiness underfoot.—Richmond Times Feb. 3.

**BLACK-EYED PEAS** just received by J. C. MILBURN.



## ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

## Nominations.

[Special dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.] WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10.—The President to-day nominated Benjamin Upton, jr., to be supervisor of census for the first district, and Richard A. Young, supervisor of census, second district of Virginia, and L. R. Stewart, of Virginia, to be consul at San Juan, Porto Rico.

Proceedings of Congress. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 10. SENATE.

Among the petitions presented and referred was one from the Indianapolis Board of Trade asking for the total repeal of the interstate commerce act. Also petitions from Mississippi and Georgia praying for the passage of a national law to secure the right of suffrage, and for the enforcement of the 15th amendment to the Constitution.

A bill was passed in relation to the arrest of offenders against the United States escaping from one district or State to another. Mr. Sherman offered an amendment (which was referred to the Judiciary Committee) appropriating \$8,745 for the widow of Chief Justice Waite, being equal to the balance of his salary for one year.

Mr. Evans, from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, reported a resolution (which was laid over) that it is competent for the Senate to elect a president pro tempore who shall hold office during the pleasure of the Senate and until another is elected, and who shall execute the duties thereof when the Vice President is absent.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the bill to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Oklahoma.

Without action on this bill the Senate took up the Blair bill as the "unfinished business." Mr. Blair resumed his argument in favor of the bill.

## HOUSE.

The journal of Thursday's proceedings was read, and although the democrats did not demand a detailed reading of that document, they insisted upon a ye and nay vote upon its approval. It was approved—yeas 149, nays 1.—Mr. Buckalew—(the Speaker counting a quorum).

The journal of Friday's proceedings, containing no ruling by the Speaker on the point of counting a quorum, was approved without demur.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, from the committee on rules, reported back the new code of rules, and the House proceeded to consider it. It was understood that for to-day the debate should be carried on without limitation, and no arrangement was arrived at as to when the discussion would terminate.

In explaining the provisions of the rules Mr. Cannon said the changes were such as would enable the will of the majority to be ascertained and expressed with accuracy and with the utmost expediency. Discussing the rule permitting the Speaker to count a quorum, Mr. Cannon said that as the republicans remained in the majority they would perform the functions that the constitution and the people made it their duty to perform.

## Duel Between Brothers-in-Law.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Feb. 10.—A desperate shooting affray occurred Saturday night at Pearl River Station. The principals were Capt. S. R. Portevent, and Thomas R. McEvoy, brothers-in-law, and the meeting was the result of family and financial differences. McEvoy was in a saloon when he was approached by Portevent, who struck him on the head with the butt of a revolver. McEvoy instantly drew his pistol and fired, the bullet striking Portevent in the elbow of the right arm and shattering the bone. Portevent dropped his pistol, but picked it up with his left hand and fired as he was rising. The bullet struck McEvoy in the abdomen. Portevent then emptied his revolver, another bullet taking effect in McEvoy's shoulder and a third in the breast. McEvoy emptied his weapon, but failed to do further damage. Both men were brought to this city yesterday, and it was found necessary to amputate Portevent's arm. McEvoy's condition is serious, the wound in the abdomen being a grave one.

## Fight with a Wildcat.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Feb. 10.—A young man named Blakesley and a companion, while hunting in the woods near Eldred, town of Highland, Sullivan county, had an encounter with a large catamount a day or two ago. They came suddenly upon the animal, which was devouring a good sized bird. The big cat, with an ugly snarl, sprang at the foremost of the hunters. It was beat off, but immediately resumed the attack upon Blakesley, scratching and biting viciously. The hunter's coat was torn nearly off him and his left shoulder was badly lacerated by the sharp claws of the infuriated beast. The animal was again beaten off with the butt end of one of the guns and was finally knocked lifeless. It measured four feet two inches in length and stood two feet high.

## The Utah Election.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 10.—The municipal election to-day is for mayor and city officers. It is not unlikely that litigation will follow, owing to different interpretations of the election law, no matter which ticket wins. Only monogamists can vote and they must subscribe to an oath that they will not violate the anti polygamy laws of Congress. The "People's" party, composed of Mormons, declare they have the majority of the legal votes, and that they will contest the matter to the last.

Returns up to 10:30 o'clock give the vote as follows: Gentiles, 965; Mormons 1146. Everything is quiet and no trouble is anticipated.

## The Iowa Prohibitory Law.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 10.—The Iowa Supreme Court has passed upon a case appealed from Cass county which puts a new interpretation upon the prohibitory liquor law,

The defendants dispensed cider and a drink known as "B," and held a United States revenue license to protect them: in their sales, but claimed the beverages were not intoxicating. The court holds that the law makes the fact of a government license in ones possession prima facie evidence of intent to violate the State law except in cases of pharmacists, and as the defendants do not come under that class the judgment of conviction is affirmed.

## Foreign News.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—The Countess of Paris, mother of the imprisoned young Duke of Orleans, has arrived in this city. It is announced that the Count has abandoned his proposed tour of America and will return to England.

MADERA, Feb. 10.—The United States steamer Enterprise, which has on board the body of Mr. George H. Pendleton, sailed for Bermuda on Saturday.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The dock laborers at Dundee struck this morning for an advance of 1d per hour in their wages.

## A Terrible Affair.

EUREKA, Cal., Feb. 10.—Mrs. J. A. Price, who was married last August, was shot dead Saturday evening at her home by Charles H. Bowdoin, of San Francisco. Bowdoin went to Mrs. Price's house and when she opened the door, seized her and after firing 3 shots lodged a fourth in her heart. Just as the last shot was fired her husband appeared and caught her as she fell. He then clubbed Bowdoin with the pistol after the latter had put a bullet into his own neck. Bowdoin will probably die. He wrote a statement before the shooting, claiming that Mrs. Price was his wife.

## The Drowned Children.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 10.—It is now learned that the children drowned yesterday were not all of one family. Two were sons of Slater aged 17 and 14 years, a third was a grandchild name Terwilliger, aged 9 years, and a fourth was a girl named Bush, aged 14. The body of Mrs. Slater was recovered about 9 o'clock last night. Difficulty is experienced in grappling for the bodies as the ice is continually giving away, being but an inch thick in the vicinity of the hole through which the six persons disappeared.

## Nominations.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The President sent to the Senate to-day the following nominations:

State Department: Charles Emory Smith, of Pennsylvania, to be Minister to Russia. Samuel Merrill, of Indiana, to be Consul General at Calcutta.

J. Ferrer Lee, of Maryland, to be Secretary of Legation at Rio de Janeiro.

Assistant Surgeon Wm. J. Pettus, of Virginia, to be Passed Assistant Surgeon in the Marine Hospital Service.

## To Be Settled.

NASHUA, N. H., Feb. 10.—A phase of the labor trouble at the Nashua corporation mills developed this afternoon, and opens the way to a settlement of the big strike. The agent has submitted a proposition to the chairman of the strikers' committee and the same will be submitted to the employees this afternoon when the question of the old or new schedule of wages shall prevail will be settled by a board of arbitration.

## Set Fire to Mormon Elders.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 10.—Unconfirmed reports of an outrage committed on two Mormon elders in Marion county, Ala., were received here to-day. It is said a mob stripped the elders of their clothing, covered them with tar and feathers and set fire to the tar. Both men were terribly burned, but extinguished the flames in time to save their lives.

## The Montana Democrats.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 10.—Democratic State Senator Becker, who was brought here by the sheriff on Saturday night, was spirited away by the democrats last night on a special train. A dispatch just received says he crossed the Idaho-Montana line this morning. All of the democratic senators are now out of the State and the Senate is without a quorum.

## Presented at Court.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Mrs. William Walter Phelps, wife of the American minister,